

Serial No. 10/657,781

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (withdrawn) A method for treating medical devices comprising:

exposing a semi-finished silicone medical device to a solution containing one or more reactive dyes and one or more catalysts.
2. (withdrawn) A method for treating medical devices to render said devices capable of absorbing blue light comprising:

exposing a semi-finished silicone medical device to a solution containing one or more reactive dyes and one or more catalysts.
3. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is selected from the group consisting of contact lenses, keratoprotheses, capsular bag extension rings, corneal inlays and corneal rings.
4. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is an intraocular lens.
5. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said reactive dyes having ethylenically unsaturated groups are selected from the group consisting of vinyl, allyl, acrylate, methacrylate, acrylamide, methacrylamide, fumarate, maleate, itaconate, styrene and nitrile.
6. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said catalysts are selected from the group consisting of platinum (3-3.5 %)-divinyltetramethyldisiloxane complex and platinum (3-3.5 %)-cyclovinylnmethysiloxane complex.
7. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said catalysts is a platinum catalyst.

Serial No. 10/657,781

8. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is thermally treated at a temperature less than about 100 °C.
9. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is thermally treated at a temperature of about 80 to 90 °C.
10. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is thermally treated for about 30 minutes.
11. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is thermally treated for a period of time less than several hours.
12. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said medical device is thermally treated for about 120 minutes or less.
13. (currently amended) A process for producing a medical device capable of absorbing blue light comprising:

exposing an already shaped medical device with having first free reactive groups to a solution containing one or more reactive blue light-absorbing dyes having second reactive groups and one or more catalysts to produce the shaped medical device having blue light absorbing property, wherein said first reactive groups react with said second reactive groups.
14. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said free reactive groups are free hydrosilyl groups.
15. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is selected from the group consisting of contact lenses, keratoprotheses, capsular bag extension rings, corneal inlays and corneal rings.
16. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is an intraocular lens.
17. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said reactive dyes having ethylenically unsaturated groups are selected from the group consisting of vinyl, allyl, acrylate,

Serial No. 10/657,781

methacrylate, acrylamide, methacrylamide, fumarate, maleate, itaconate, styrene and nitrile.

18. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said catalysts are selected from the group consisting of platinum (3-3.5 %)-divinyltetramethyldisiloxane complex and platinum (3-3.5 %)-cyclovinylnmethylsiloxane complex.
19. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said catalysts is a platinum catalyst.
20. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is thermally treated at a temperature less than about 100 °C.
21. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is thermally treated at a temperature of about 80 to 90 °C.
22. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is thermally treated for about 30 minutes.
23. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is thermally treated for a period of time less than several hours.
24. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said medical device is thermally treated for about 120 minutes or less.
25. (withdrawn) A method of using the medical device produced through the method of claim 1 or 2 comprising:

implanting said medical device surgically within an eye.
26. (original) A method of using the medical device produced through the process of claim 13 comprising:

Implanting said medical device surgically within an eye.
27. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said catalyst includes one or more inhibitors.

Serial No. 10/657,781

28. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 or 2 wherein said catalyst includes one or more inhibitors selected from the group consisting of 1,3-divinyltetramethyldisiloxane and 1,3,5,7-tetramethyl-1,3,5,7-tetramethyl cyclosiloxane.
29. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said catalysts include one or more inhibitors.
30. (original) The process of claim 13 wherein said catalysts include one or more inhibitors selected from the group consisting of 1,3-divinyltetramethyldisiloxane and 1,3,5,7-tetramethyl-1,3,5,7-tetramethyl cyclosiloxane.
31. (withdrawn) A medical device comprising:

a medical device treated with at least one reactive dye so that said medical device has blue light absorption properties.
32. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said medical device is fabricated from semi-finished silicone.
33. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said at least one reactive dye having ethylenically unsaturated groups is selected from the group consisting of vinyl, allyl, acrylate, methacrylate, acrylamide, methacrylamide, fumarate, maleate, itaconate, styrene and nitrile.
34. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said reactive dye is a reactive yellow dye.
35. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said reactive dye has either one or two ethylenically unsaturated groups.
36. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said reactive dye is selected from the group consisting of N, N-bis- (2-allylcarbamatoethyl)-(4'-phenylazo)aniline and N, N-bis- (2-vinylacetoxylethyl)-(4'-phenylazo)aniline and N-2-[3'-(2'-methylphenylazo)-4'-hydroxyphenyl]ethyl vinylacetamide.

Serial No. 10/657,781

37. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said reactive dye undergoes a hydrosilation reaction with said medical device.
38. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said reactive dye penetrates into the polymer matrix of said medical device.
39. (withdrawn) The medical device of claim 31 wherein said reactive dye partially or completely coats the surface of said medical device.
40. (withdrawn) An intraocular lens comprising:

an intraocular lens treated with at least one reactive dye so that said intraocular lens has blue light absorption properties.
41. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said medical device is fabricated from semi-finished silicone.
42. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said reactive dye having ethylenically unsaturated groups is selected from the group consisting of vinyl, allyl, acrylate, methacrylate, acrylamide, methacrylamide, fumarate, maleate, itaconate, styrene and nitrile.
43. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said reactive dye is a reactive yellow dye.
44. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said reactive dye is selected from the group consisting of N, N-bis- (2-allylcarbamatoethyl)-(4'-phenylazo)aniline and N, N-bis- (2-vinylacetoxyethyl)-(4'-phenylazo)aniline and N-2-[3'-(2'-methylphenylazo)-4'-hydroxyphenyl]ethyl vinylacetamide.
45. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said reactive dye undergoes a hydrosilation reaction with said medical device.
46. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said reactive dye penetrates into the polymer matrix of said medical device.

Serial No. 10/657,781

47. (withdrawn) The intraocular lens of claim 40 wherein said reactive dye partially or completely coats the surface of said medical device.